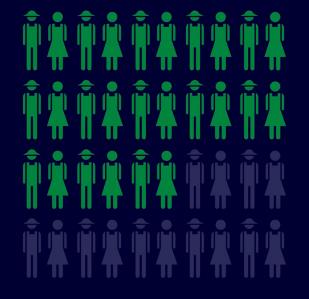


# Mobilizing Finance for High-Impact Agricultural SMEs in East Africa

2024 AN OVERVIEW OF ACELI AFRICA





65% of people work in Agriculture in East Africa 5%

Agriculture receives less than 5% of commercial bank lending

## Why agricultural SMEs?

SMEs have the potential to drive inclusive agricultural growth



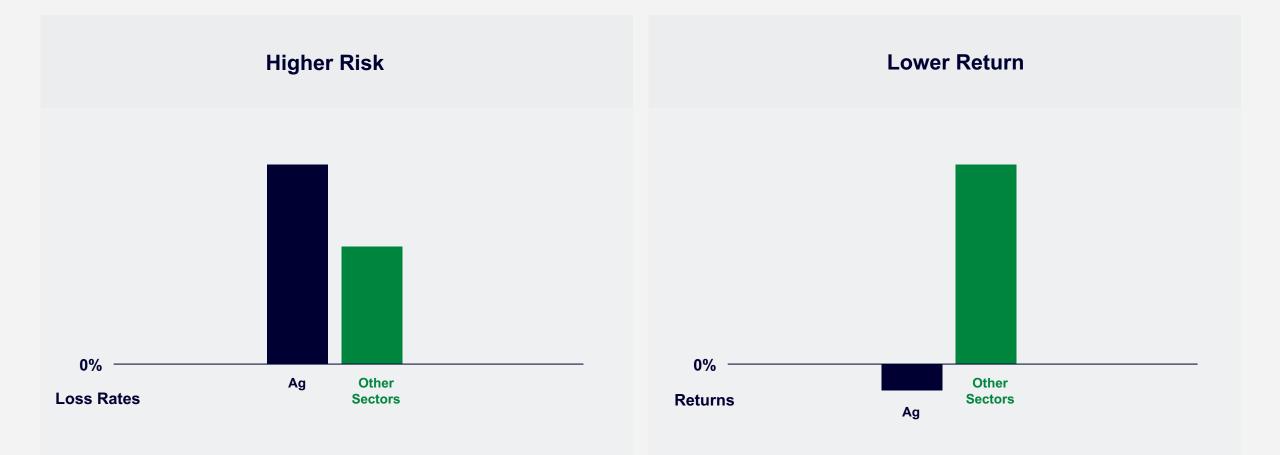
But 3 in 4 lack access to finance



### Why does this gap exist?



#### Aceli & Dalberg Advisors gathered data from 35 lenders on the economics of 22k agri-SME loans totaling \$4.5 billion



Aceli's vision: re-balance economics for agri-SME lending to align with impact



The status quo

**AGRI-SME LOANS ARE UNPROFITABLE** 

**Rewarding high-impact agri-SME loans** 

**AGRI-SME LOANS ARE PROFITABLE** 





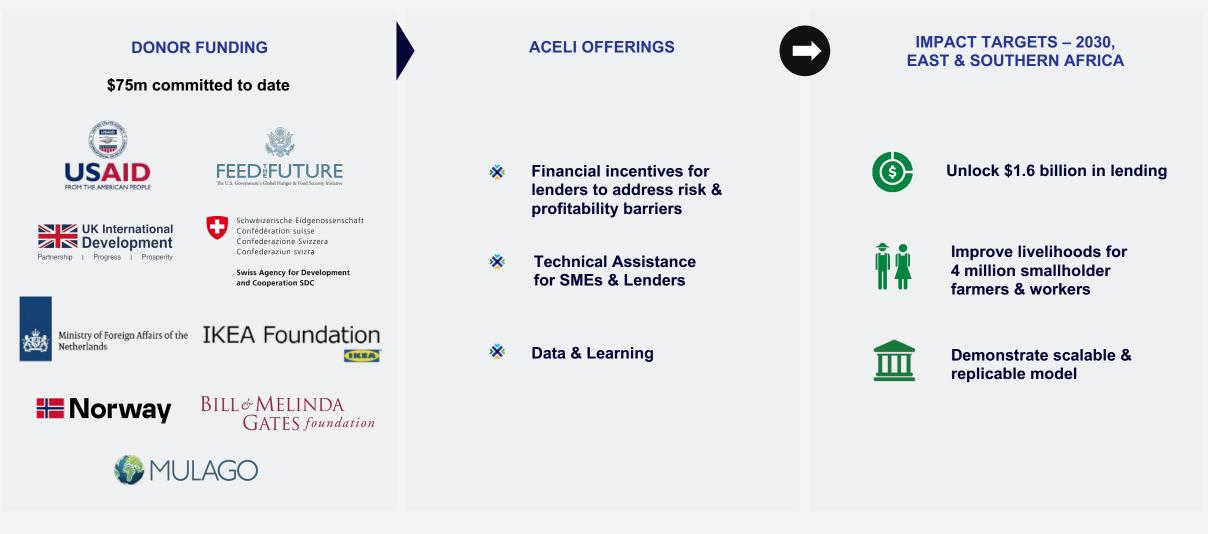
An **incentive facility** building the market for agricultural SME lending

- Data-driven
- Market-level
- Impact-aligned



### Aceli is a demonstration model to increase agri-SME lending

As of 2024, Aceli is active in Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zambia





**Objective:** increase lenders' risk appetite by absorbing incremental risk

**Product:** portfolio-level first loss

#### Design:

- Applies to loans of \$25k-\$1.75M
- Higher % based on risk (new borrowers) & impact bonuses (climate & environment, food security & nutrition, gender inclusion, youth inclusion)
- **Reserve builds** up as loan volume increases
- \* Available to cover any losses at portfolio level
- Complements typical 50% loan guarantee offered by others



**Objective:** defray transaction costs to motivate lending to smaller, underserved SMEs

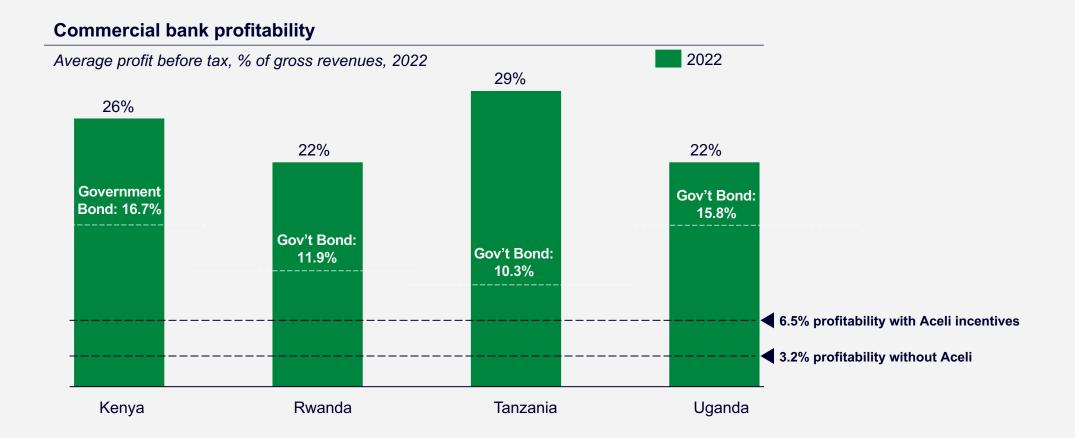
**Product:** origination incentives

**Design:** 

- Applies to loans of \$25k-500k
- Payment of 2-14% of loan amount depending on loan size, new v. returning borrower, and impact bonuses (same as previous slide)
- Payments are unrestricted, typically used for hiring new agri specialists, training staff, paying for field visits, conducting value chain analyses

### Profitability of agri-SME lending vs. other options





Notes: Return on Assets or Equity is a more common way to evaluate bank financial performance, but profit before tax (PBT) is shown here as it is a more familiar, intuitive calculation. PBT is after depreciation and amortization, and the margin is calculated relative to gross revenue (interest income, fees, trading income, forex income, and other revenues) without interest expense of bad debt provision. The profitability calculation of 6.5% with Aceli incentives follows a different methodology based on the Aceli incentive effect net of revenues, costs, expected losses, and cost of capital over the full life of a loan, not within a single financial year. However, this comparison provides an indicative way to demonstrate opportunity costs for banks.

## Example: Rwandan coffee aggregator



In 2021, the SME accessed its first loan with support of Aceli incentives → substantial growth in one year

**Employs** 5 full-time workers (2 women) and 66 casual laborers (58% women)

**Market linkages** for 717 smallholder farmers (44% women)

**Climate & Environment practices:** Soil health improvement practices; reforestation & restoration



Metric	Y1	Y2	Growth
Loan size	\$120k	\$200k	67%
Revenue	\$252k	\$413k	64%
Payments to farmers	\$111k	\$264k	138%
Capital leverage of Aceli's incentives	6.1x	15.4x	9.3x







#### Growth:

• 79% increase in agri-SME lending in 18 months

#### **Diversification**:

- Portfolio allocation to tea sector: 92% (2021) → 38% (2023)
- Added staple grains, dairy, livestock

#### Impact:

 7x increase in loans to womenowned SMEs

\* Family Bank was awarded Aceli's 2022 Impact Bank of the Year



"There is an awakening that has been created. Aceli incentives have helped us become more innovative in product design." - Head of Agribusiness, Family Bank

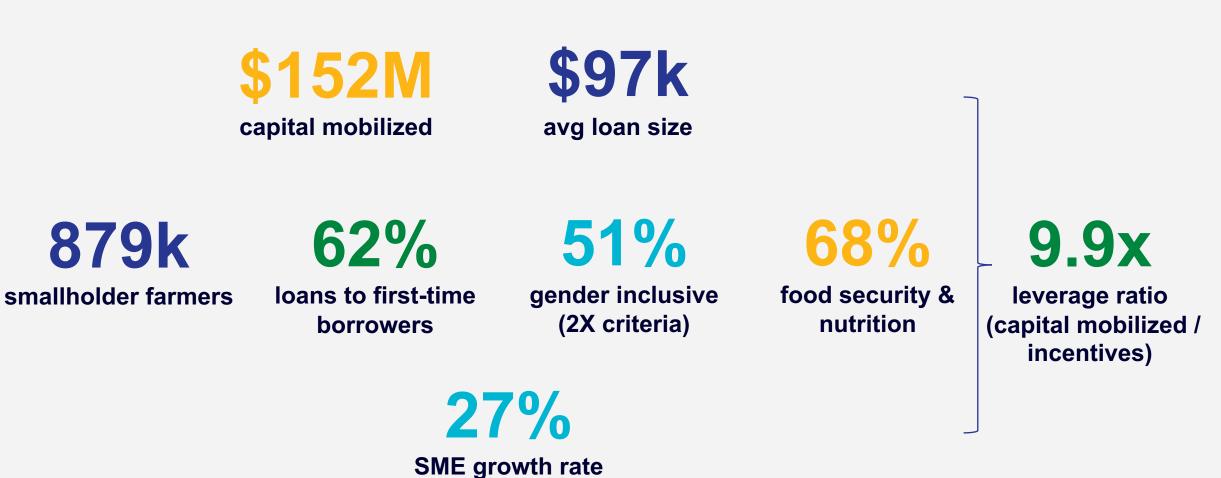
### Aceli lending partners





#### Lending metrics

As of December 2023 (3 years of operations)





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Activity	Incentives	Incremental lending	Enterprise growth & performance	Access to markets & services for farmers, quality jobs for workers
Metrics	9.9x capital leverage 1,570 loans \$152M in loans	<ul><li>59% loans to new borrowers</li><li>23% YoY increase in loan amount</li><li>Lower collateral requirements and interest pricing (varies by lender)</li></ul>	31% increase in annual revenues	Surveys of 4,331 farmers (42 SMEs): Farmers receive higher prices, more timely payments, more services (inputs, credit) vs. other buyers; also report more security in their livelihoods. Surveys of 249 workers (26 SMEs): 89% report higher salaries vs. previous jobs.
		Third party longitudinal evaluations are on-going re: lender behavior, SME access to finance & enterprise performance, and farmer & worker livelihoods           Evidence Fund         Iaunched         In collaboration         International         Growth         Centre to support research across any of these areas with an emphasis on impact priorities such as climate & environment, gender, and youth.		



### For more information:

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